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Tables of Contents

- Journals& Magazines
- O- Conference Proceedings
- Standards

Search

- O- By Author
- O- Basic
- O- Advanced
- O- CrossRef

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- 🖴 Print Format

Formation and properties of ternary silicide (Co_Ni___)Si

thin films

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Abstract:

A ternary **silicide** ($\mathbf{Co_xNi_{1-x}}$) $\mathbf{Si_2}$ formed by **Ni** and **Co** thin films or **Ni**, **Co** and Ti thin films deposited on a $\mathbf{Si(100)}$ substrate is studied. The results show that a highly conductive **silicide** ($\mathbf{Co_xNi_{1-x}}$) $\mathbf{Si_2}$ can be formed by solid phase reaction of either $\mathbf{Ni/Co/Si}$ or $\mathbf{Co/Ni/Si}$ structures. The resistivity of the **silicide** films is in the range of (15-20) $\mu\Omega$.cm. The formation temperature of ($\mathbf{Co_xNi_{1-x}}$) $\mathbf{Si_2}$ is rather low compared the **disilicides** of **Co** and **Ni**. XRD data show that ($\mathbf{Co_xNi_{1-x}}$) $\mathbf{Si_2}$ has a $\mathbf{CaF_2}$ structure its lattice constant is between that of $\mathbf{CoSi_2}$ and $\mathbf{NiSi_2}$. ($\mathbf{Co_xNi_{1-x}}$) $\mathbf{Si_2}$ can also be form by rapid thermal annealing of a $\mathbf{Co/Ni/Ti/Si}$ multilayer structure. A quite low χ_{\min} val shown by RBS/channeling investigation. The joint has a better epitaxy quality as compared with that without a Ti interlayer. It is more uniform and has a good therma stability and low resistivity. Experiments with two step annealing and chemical select etching demonstrate that a self-aligned **silicided** contact and a gate-level interconnection structure can be formed on Si wafers

Index Terms:

Rutherford backscattering channelling cobalt compounds dielectric thin films electrical resistivity etching integrated circuit interconnections lattice constants nickel compounds rathermal annealing thermal stability 15 to 20 muohmcm CoNiSi₂-Si RBS Si Si(100) substraction structure lattice constant multilayer structure rapid thermal annealing resistivity self-aligned silicided contact solid phase reaction ternary silicide thermal stability thin films

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